UNSTABLE EPILEPSY.

Severe renal failure (glomerular filtration rate of less than 10 ml per minute).

Narrow-angle glaucoma may be aggravated.

INTERACTION:

Patients receiving fluoxetine in combination with other tricyclic antidepressants, such as imipramine or amitriptyline for the treatment of a depressive episode have been reported to develop a potentially lethal syndrome known as the serotonin syndrome.

Patients may develop symptoms resembling neuroleptic malignant syndrome.

Known symptoms of overdose and particular of its treatment:

TREATMENT: Essentially symptomatic and supportive. No specific antidotes for fluoxetine are known. Forced diuresis, dialysis, or peritoneal dialysis may be considered in symptomatic cases. Pressures must be monitored carefully. The medical examiner should be informed of the possibility of fluoxetine overdose.

IDENTIFICATION:

A potentially lethal syndrome known as serotonin syndrome may occur in patients receiving fluoxetine in combination with other tricyclic antidepressants, such as imipramine or amitriptyline for the treatment of a depressive episode. If serotonin syndrome occurs, it may be characterized by hyperreflexia, increased muscle tone, diaphoresis, shivering, hyperthermia, confusion, mydriasis, and tremor.

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RESPONDS TO DECREASES IN Dementia, delirium and drowsiness may occur. In severe cases, respiratory depression, may occur. Epileptiform seizures may occur. Mixed poisoning with other central nervous system depressants or barbiturates may result in death.

INTERACTION:

Patients suffering from a depressive phase of manic depressive psychosis, as occasional hypomania or mania can be precipitated if fluoxetine is administered in combination with other psychotropic agents. Caution should be used in patients suffering from a depressive phase of manic depressive psychosis, as occasional hypomania or mania can be precipitated if fluoxetine is administered in combination with other psychotropic agents.

Narrow-angle glaucoma may be aggravated.

KNAPPED SYMPTOMS OF OVERDOSAGE AND PARTICULARS OF ITS TREATMENT:

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